TECHNICAL HANDBOOK INSTALLATION USE MAINTAINANCE



Single phase Models 021 - 026 - 031 Three-phase Model 041



CONTENTS

| 1.0 | GENERAL INFORMATION | p. 1 |
|-------------|---|---------------|
| 1.1 | FEATURES OF THE MAIN ELEMENT | p. 1 |
| 1.2 | MAIN FUNCTIONS OF THE CONTROLLER | p. 1 |
| 1.3 | ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE ON REQUEST | p. 2 |
| 3.0 | | - 2 |
| 2.0 | | p. 2 |
| 2.1 | GENERAL INFORMATION | p. 2 |
| 2.2 | INSPECTION, HANDLING AND POSITIONING | p. 2 |
| 2.3 | TECHNICAL FEATURES | p. 2 |
| 2.4 | POSITIONING | p. 3 |
| 3.0 | HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS | p. 3 |
| 3.1 | POSITIONING AND SERVICE AREAS | n. 3 |
| 3.2 | USE OF ANTI-FREEZE LIQUIDS | p. 3 |
| 10 | ELECTDIC CONNECTIONS | n 1 |
| 4.0 | CENEDAL INDICATIONS | p. 4 |
| 4.1 | GENERAL INDICATIONS | p. 4 |
| 4.2 | ELECTRIC CONNECTIONS | p. 4 |
| 5.0 | USE OF THE MICROPROCESSOR CONTROLLER | p. 5 |
| 5.1 | USER INTERFACE | p. 5 |
| 5.2 | FUNCTIONS OF THE KEYS | р. б |
| 5.3 | COMBINED KEY FUNCTIONS | p. 6 |
| 6.0 | VISUALIZATION | n. 6 |
| 61 | DISPLAY DURING ALARMS | p. c |
| 6.2 | OUICK DISPLAY OF MAIN INFORMATION | p. 7 |
| 6.3 | UNIT IN STAND-RV | p. 7 |
| 6.4 | ACTIVATING / DISACTIVATING CHILLED MODE | b. \ |
| 0.4 | ACTIVATING / DISACTIVATING CHILLER MODE (SUMMED MODE) | n 7 |
| (= | (SUMMER MODE) | p. / |
| 0.5 | AUTIVATING / DISAUTIVATING HEATING MODE | |
| | (WINTER MODE) | p. / |
| 0.0 | ACTIVATION / DISACTIVATION FROM DIGITAL INPUT | p. / |
| 6. 7 | CONTROLLING THE CHILLER / HEAT PUMP WORKING | |
| | MODE FROM DIGITAL INPUT | p. 8 |
| 7.0 | ADJUSTING THE "SET POINT" | n. 8 |
| 7.1 | SEt C Set noint Chiller 12 5°C | p. 0 |
| 7.1 | SELCe Set point Chiner 12,5 C SEt H Sat noint Haat numn 38 5°C | p. 0 |
| 7.2 | SEt D Dynamia Sat point (Ontional on request) | p. o |
| 7.5 | SELD Dynamic Set point (Optional on request) SEt S Enorgy soving (Ontional su richiosta) | p. 0 |
| 7.4 | AUTOMATIC CHANGE-OVER (OPTIONAL ON REOUEST) | р. 9 р. 9 |
| , | | r., |
| 8.0 | BASE REMOTE CONTROL PANEL BASE KRC BASE | . 10 |
| 0.4 | (Optional on request) | p. 10 |
| 8.1 | ELECTRIC CONNECTIONS FOR THE BASE REMOTE | |
| | CONTROL PANEL KRC BASE | р. 10 |
| 8.2 | TOP REMOTE CONTROL PANEL KRC TOP | |
| | (Optional on request) | р. 10 |
| 8.3 | ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS KRC Top | р. 11 |
| 9.0 | "M KEY" FUNCTION MENU | p. 11 |
| 9.1 | ACCESS TO THE "M" FUNCTION MENU | p. 11 |
| 9.2 | EXIT FROM THE FUNCTION MENU | p. 11 |
| 9.3 | DISPLAYING ALARMS | n. 12 |
| 9.4 | RESETTING AN ALARM | n. 12 |
| 9.5 | HOW TO DISPLAY THE ALARM HISTORY | n 12 |
| 96 | ALARM CODES AND FUNCTIONS | n 13 |
| 9.7 | OUTPUT BLOCK TABLE | n 15 |
| 98 | DISPLAYING LOAD WORKING HOURS | p. 15 n 15 |
| 0.0 | RESETTING LOAD WORKING HOURS | p. 13 n 15 |
| J.J | RESETTING LOAD WORKING HOURS | h. 12 |

| 10.0 | PROGRAMMING FROM THE KEYBOARD | p. 16 |
|------|--|-------|
| 10.1 | ACCESS TO "PR1" PARAMETERS (USER-LEVEL) | p. 16 |
| 10.2 | TO CHANGE PARAMETER VALUES | p. 16 |
| 10.3 | KEY SEQUENCE TO CHANGE PARAMETERS | p. 16 |
| 11.0 | COMPRESSOR ADJUSTMENT IN CHILLER OR HEAT PUMP MODE | p. 17 |
| 11.1 | OPERATING MODE OF THE CIRCULATION PUMP | p. 17 |
| 11.2 | TIMING | p. 17 |
| 11.3 | FAN FUNCTIONS | p. 17 |
| 11.4 | DCP PRESSURE CONTROL DEVICE | p. 17 |
| 11.5 | DEFROSTING | p. 18 |
| 11.6 | MANUAL DEFROSTING | p. 18 |
| 11.7 | DISPLAYING TIME LEFT TOCOMPLETE DEFROSTING | p. 18 |
| 12.0 | STARTING | p. 19 |
| 12.1 | PRELIMINARY CHECK | p. 19 |
| 12.2 | START UP | p. 19 |
| 12.3 | SUMMER MODE START UP | p. 19 |
| 12.4 | WINTER MODE START UP | p. 19 |
| 12.5 | INTERFACE WITH THE USER'S SYSTEM | p. 20 |
| 12.6 | OPERATING CHECKS | p. 20 |
| 12.7 | CHECKS | p. 20 |
| 13.0 | CONTROL AND SAFETY DEVICES | p. 21 |
| 13.1 | GENERAL INFORMATION | p. 21 |
| 13.2 | PERIODICAL PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND CHECKS | p. 21 |
| 13.3 | STOPPING FOR THE SEASON | p. 22 |
| 13.4 | SAFETY INFORMATION | p. 22 |
| 13.5 | DEMOLISHING THE MACHINE AND DISPOSAL | F |
| | OF TOXIC SUBSTANCES | p. 22 |
| 14.0 | FAILURE SOLVER | p. 23 |
| 15.0 | GENERAL HYDRAULIC DIAGRAM | p. 25 |
| 16.0 | COOLING CIRCUIT DIAGRAM | p. 25 |
| 17.0 | ELECTRIC DIAGRAM MODELS Quasar/Pulsar 021-026-031 | p. 26 |
| 18.0 | ELECTRIC DIAGRAM MODELS Quasar/Pulsar 041 | p. 27 |
| | SPARE PARTS LIST | p. 28 |

1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

| CHILLERS | - Quasar |
|------------|----------|
| HEAT PUMPS | - Pulsar |

The Quasar and Pulsar units are both available in 4 models, three single-phase and one threephase.

All the units are fitted with a single sealed Scroll compressor, and are dimensioned for using R22 refrigerant or, on request, R407C.

These units are ideal for either home use or for business premises, with special attention paid to overall size and noise emissions, offering a series of accessories to make installation and maintenance easier.

All the units are supplied complete with wiring and ready for connection to the customer's supply network. Before delivery, each machine is tested when running, checking that all the safety devices work correctly.

The range is divided between coolers (just cooled water) and heat pumps (cooled or heated water). Available models:

Quasar: Water coolers complete with pump and inertial storage.

Pulsar: Heat pump complete with pump and inertial storage.

All the units have the following hydraulic devices:

- water circulation pump
- compact system interface module
- water circulation safety flow-limit switch
- expansion tank (except for QUASAR models)

- 3-bar safety valve

Both the versions are supplied completely wired and fitted in a panelled single block.

1.1 FEATURES OF THE MAIN ELEMENT

- **Compressor** sealed Scroll, primary brand, especially suitable for home air conditioning, able to guarantee high efficiency levels and very low noise and vibration emissions.

- **Condensing coil** with copper pipes mechanically expanded into aluminium fins and galvanised steel heat-exchanger supporting frame. On request, the fins can be supplied in copper

or pre-painted aluminium for installation in very aggressive atmospheres.

- Compact system interface module with brazed plate evaporator in Aisi 316 stainless steel, immersed in the storage tank. The module is made by a welding process, controlled in each phase, and tested on both the cooling and the water side. This module improves heat exchange efficiency, by reducing heat dispersion.

- Fan section, with axial fan with rotating stator blades, each fan has a protection grid for accident prevention in painted galvanised steel.



Ø1

WORKING LIMITS

Cooling cycle:Outside air temperatureB.S. $10^{\circ}C \div 42^{\circ}C$ Cooled water temperature $4^{\circ}C \div 15^{\circ}C$ Heating cycle:B.S. $-10^{\circ}C \div 20^{\circ}C$ Outside air temperatureB.S. $-10^{\circ}C \div 20^{\circ}C$ Hot water temperature $35^{\circ}C \div 50^{\circ}C$

- **Refrigeration circuit** completely wired with copper pipe fittings, including:

Quasar dehydration filter, thermostatic valve with external equalisation, safety pressure switches on the high and low pressure sides, pressure tubes for filling and empty-ing the refrigerant and connection for control pressure gauges. The low-pressure side is isolated by thick foam anti-condensation padding.

Pulsar dehydrator filter, thermostatic valve with external equalisation, cooling cycle inversion solenoid, check valve, liquid receiver, safety pressure switches on the low and high pressure side, pressure tubes for filling and emptying the refrigerant and connection to the control pressure gauges. The entire circuit is isolated by thick foam padding.

- Electric control panel, completely wired inside a sealed steel box, made in conformity with the strictest European standards. The power circuit is set for 230/1/50 or 400/3/50 V/ph/Hz supply, depending on the model, and includes the hour meter and magnetothermal protection for the compressor.

Microprocessor regulation and controls coupled to the safety devices on board the unit or connected externally.

The working parameters are programmed and set directly on the display module in the electric control panel, which is accessible from the outside through the inspection flap on the front panel of the unit.

1.2 MAIN FUNCTIONS OF THE CONTROLLER

m.a.Ch.

Controls compressor start depending on the return water temperature (temperature usually shown on the display). Signal of triggered alarms on the display. ON/OFF control of the circulation pump.

Direct control of fan speed by the air exchanger temperature

probe. Timing count for compressor and pump working.



| Modello | A | В | С | D | Е | F | Ø1 | Ø2 |
|-----------|------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-----|------|------|
| 021 / 026 | 1112 | 428 | 604,5 | 102,5 | 448 | 110 | 3/4" | 3/4" |
| 031 / 041 | 1112 | 428 | 1113 | 102,5 | 448 | 110 | 3/4" | 3/4" |

- Storage of programming data as protection in the case of power failure.
- Storage of alarm list up to 50
- compressor activity control according to external temperature (dynamic set-point)
- defrost function jointly controlled by temperature / pressure

1.3 ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

- * MHL: high pressure and low pressure
- * RAE: Evaporator anti-freeze heating element
- * SAB: Supporting vibration reducer feet
- * KRC Base: remote control kit with on-off, summer/winter controls and alarm cut in.
- * KRC Top complete remote control kit
- * DCP: Pressure control device
- * V-Kit-Top: adapter for remote touch pad
- * KRI: kit of additional heating element
- * KRS485: TTl/rs485 output, serial communication protocol ModBus

* All these accessories are supplied separately for installation on site.

2.0 INSTALLATION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

All installation and maintenance work must be performed by qualified personnel, following the indications given in this handbook and on board the unit. If these standards are not applied, hazardous situations could arise for people, animals and property, for which the manufacturer accepts no responsibility. The unit must be turned off at the mains by turning off the automatic switch that is fitted near the unit, before beginning any maintenance work on the unit. All the units are manufactured for installation on the outside, and no special protection is required against atmospheric agents.

2.2 INSPECTION, HANDLING AND POSITIONING

INSPECTION

Once the unit reaches its final destination, it must be carefully checked visibly for any signs of damage that occurred during transport.

The haulier must be immediately informed of any imperfections or obvious signs of damage, and they must be noted on the shipping note, TONON S.p.A. or your local agent must be informed in writing as soon as possible.



HANDLING

We advise handling the unit inside its original packing, which should only be removed when it is in the final installation position.

It can be handled on a normal transpallet or by lifting, using suspended cables that are sufficiently long to avoid the top of the packing being crushed.

2.3 TECHNICAL FEATURES

| MODEL | | QUASAR | | | PULSAR | | | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------|----------|---------|-------------------|-------|----------|
| | | 021 | 026 | 031 | 041 | 021 | 026 | 031 | 041 |
| Cooling capacity | kW | 5,0 | 5,9 | 8,6 | 10,8 | 5,0 | 5,9 | 8,6 | 10,8 |
| Heating capacity | kW | | | | | 5,5 | 6,9 | 9,7 | 11,5 |
| Scroll compressors | n° | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Cooling circuits | nº | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Shutter steps | % | 0-100 | 0-100 | 0-100 | 0-100 | 0-100 | 0-100 | 0-100 | 0-100 |
| Supply voltage Sound pressure LPS (1) | V/Hz/Ph dB(A) | 41.7 | 230/50/1. 41.7 | 43 | 400/50/3 | 41.7 | 230/50/1. 41.7 | | 400/50/3 |
| COMPRESSOR | ub(A) | 41,7 | 41,7 | 45 | 70,0 | 41,7 | 41,7 | 45 | |
| Nominal output | kW | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 3.2 |
| Nominal current | A | 7.5 | 9.3 | 13.5 | 6.3 | 7.5 | 9.3 | 13.5 | 6.3 |
| Max. current | A | 11.4 | 13.6 | 18.7 | 10.0 | 11.4 | 13.6 | 18.7 | 10.0 |
| Take off current | A | 47.0 | 61.0 | 100.0 | 50.0 | 47.0 | 61.0 | 100.0 | 50.0 |
| FAN SECTION | | ,. | ,- | ,. | ,- | | ,- | ,. | ,- |
| Fans | nº | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Air capacity | m3/s | 0,97 | 0,97 | 1,15 | 1,15 | 0,97 | 0,97 | 1,15 | 1,83 |
| Rotation speed | min -l | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 |
| Power intake | kW | 0,16 | 0,16 | 0,16 | 0,16 | 0,16 | 0,16 | 0,16 | 0,16 |
| Current intake | А | 0,71 | 0,71 | 0,71 | 0,71 | 0,71 | 0,71 | 0,71 | 0,71 |
| COMPACT SYSTEM INT | ERFACE | MODULI | E | | | | | | |
| Storage tank | 1 | 20 | 20 | 36 | 36 | 20 | 20 | 36 | 36 |
| Heat pump | n° | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| External head | kPa | 41 | 38 | 45 | 33 | 41 | 38 | 45 | 33 |
| Pump absorption | kW | 0,09 | 0,09 | 0,24 | 0,24 | 0,09 | 0,09 | 0,24 | 0,24 |
| Pump absorption | А | 0,45 | 0,45 | 1,1 | 1,1 | 0,45 | 0,45 | 1,1 | 1,1 |
| Plate evaporator | n° | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Water capacity | l/s | 0,23 | 0,28 | 0,41 | 0,52 | 0,23 | 0,28 | 0,41 | 0,52 |
| POWER INTAKE | | | | | | | | | |
| Nominal output | KW | 1,85 | 2,15 | 3,00 | 3,60 | 1,85 | 2,15 | 3,00 | 3,76 |
| Nominal current | А | 8,7 | 10,5 | 15,3 | 8,1 | 8,7 | 10,5 | 15,3 | 8,8 |
| Max. current | А | 12,5 | 14,8 | 20,5 | 11,8 | 12,5 | 14,8 | 20,5 | 12,5 |
| Start up current | А | 50,0 | 64,0 | 103,5 | 55,0 | 50,0 | 64,0 | 103,5 | 56,8 |
| Supply lead section | $n^{o}xmm^{2}$ | 3 x 2,5 | 3 x 2,5 | 3 x 4 | 5 x 2,5 | 3 x 2,5 | 3 x 2,5 | 3 x 4 | 5 x 2,5 |
| SIZE AND WEIGHTS | | | | | | | | | |
| Length | mm | 1080 | 1080 | 1080 | 1080 | 1080 | 1080 | 1080 | 1080 |
| Width | mm | 430 | 430 | 430 | 430 | 430 | 430 | 430 | 430 |
| Height | mm | 640 | 640 | 1113 | 1113 | 640 | 640 | 1113 | 1113 |
| Weight | Kg | 113 | 116 | 160 | 172 | 119 | 122 | 166 | 186 |
| The above data refers to the t | following w | orking co | nditions: | | | | | | |

Cooling: outside air temperature 35 °C - water temperature 12-7 °C

Heat pump: outside air temperature 6 °C BU - water temperature 39 - 45 °C

(1) At a distance of 10 m in free field

2.4 POSITIONING

The position for the unit must be clearly defined, taking into account the following precautions:

- The refrigerator must be installed on the outside, on any flat horizontal surface, that can support its weight (ground, terrace, roof, etc.)
- If it is installed on the roof or a terrace, rubber padding should be placed between the unit and the surface, or special antivibration supports (available as accessories) to prevent any vibrations being transmitted to the building structure.
- Install away from windows or openings that communicate with the adjacent buildings.
- Avoid installation near chimneys, flues, fans or air extractors, to avoid the unit being exposed to hot or polluted air flows.
- All the models in the Quasar Pulsar series have the fan section fitted with horizontal air outlet.
- It is important that there are no obstacles to the airflow, which could cause the air to recirculate between the suction and delivery circuits.
- Insufficient air circulation or recirculation through the fin condenser means the unit does not work properly and could block it completely.

3.0 HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS

PIPING

The piping can be in steel, galvanised steel, polyethylene or PVC. All the units have threaded hydraulic attachments.

The units are supplied complete with circulating unit, to guarantee an effective head as given in the enclosed table.

The pipes must be dimensioned on the basis of the pump output, taking into account the pressure drop in the system.

All the piping must be correctly insulated to avoid heat storage (cause a fall in system performance) and the formation of condensation on the outside surface. Use 10-mm thick foam insulating material. To avoid vibration transmission from the unit to the main system, and to compensate heat expansion, elastic joints should be fitted to the hydraulic attachments on the unit.

The installation must be prepared in conformity with local Standards or those of the Country of Installation.



3.1 POSITIONING AND SERVICE AREAS

The unit must be positioned respecting the recommended service spaces. This way the unit will work correctly, and all the parts are easy to reach for maintenance purposes.

In any case, we recommend installing the following devices to guarantee correct use and maintenance:

- Elastic anti-vibration joints
- Cut off valves
- Housing for the water temperature probes.
- Wiring net filter
- Air bleeding device
- Automatic filling unit
- Discharge valve

- Expansion tank (in the Pulsar models this is supplied as standard).

For correct working and performance to be guaranteed, each unit needs a constant nominal water capacity, as given in table 1 on page 2.

If there is a lower water capacity, the unit could have working problems with serious consequences and damage to some of the main components, such as the compressor.

3.2 USE OF ANTI-FREEZE LIQUIDS

If water is not emptied from the hydraulic circuit during winter months, an anti-freeze must be added to the water in the correct percentage parts.

The use of anti-freeze liquids (table 2) reduces the cooling capacity slightly, but gives a considerable variation in the water capacity levels and pressure drop in the system.

In these cases, it is important to check the pump performance carefully, to avoid any working problems or any damage that could be caused if there is not the required water capacity.

IMPORTANT: the current pumps can work with a maximum rate of glycol of 30%. To use the equipment with a higher mix, please contact **TONON FORTY S.p.a.**

| Winter outside air temperature (machine turned off) | °C | 5 | 2 | -3 | -10 | -15 |
|--|----|---|------|------|------|------|
| Recommended percentage of ehtylene glycol (in weight) | % | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 |
| Coefficient of cooling capacity current * | - | 1 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 0.93 | 0.9 |
| Coefficient of intake power current * | - | 1 | 0.99 | 0.98 | 0.97 | 0.96 |
| Coefficient of water capacity current | - | 1 | 1.02 | 1.1 | 1.14 | 1.3 |
| Coefficient of evaporator pressure drop | - | 1 | 1.08 | 1.3 | 1.39 | 1.6 |
| Mixture freezing point | | 0 | -3 | -8 | -15 | -23 |
| * for normal working conditions (outside air temperature 35°C /cooled water temperature 7°C) | | | | | | |

DEPENDING ON THE MODELS AND THE USER'S PLANT LAYOUT, THE MACHINES MUST BE FITTED WITH A SERIES OF COMPONENTS, THAT HAVE ALREADY BEEN LISTED, TO GUARANTEE THE BESTOPERATIONS FROM THE SYSTEM.

HOWEVER, THESE COMPONENTS MUST BE PERIODICALLY CHECKED TO ENSURE THEY ARE STILL OPERATING CORRECTLY.

*PERIODICALLY CHECK THE SAFETY FLOW SWITCH TRIGGERS.

*CHECK THE READING ON THE ANTIFREEZE PROBE, AND COMPARE IT WITH A CERTIFIED INSTRUMENT. IF THE READING IS INCORRECT, THEN THE PROBE MUST BE GAUGED.

*PERIODICALLY CLEAN THE MESH FILTER AT THE ENTRANCE TO THE MACHINE HEATEXCHANGER.

*CHECK THE PRESSURE IN THE HYDRAULIC PLANT IS WITH IN THE SAFETY LIMITS (MAX 3 bar). IN NORMAL CONDITIONS, THE HYDRAULIC PRESSURE CAN VARY BETWEEN 0.8 ÷ 1.2 bar. DIFFERENCE IN LEVEL BETWEEN THE CHILLING UNIT AND THE HIGHEST POINT IN THE SYSTEM.



4.0 ELECTRIC CONNECTIONS

4.1 GENERAL INDICATIONS

All the units in the Quasar - Pulsar series are supplied with an electric control panel with all the elements required for running the unit and controlling the fitted safety devices.

Electric connections must be performed in conformity with current CEI national standards or those relative to the country where it is installed, following the indications given in the enclosed wiring diagrams. Ensure the unit is turned off before beginning any work on the internal or external electric parts.

Dimension the power lead section on the basis of the total maximum power intake. The Technical Data table in this manual shows the recommended sections for installation, when a thermomagnetic - differential automatic switch is fitted near the unit (table 1). Ensure there is adequate earth connection as required by law, using the corresponding terminal inside the electric control panel.

The power voltage must conform to the data of the unit (voltage/frequency/ number of phases/neutral conductor); no variations can be accepted +-5%, with unbalance between the phases (for three-phase supply) less than 2%.

The use of incorrect power supply as requested by the manufacturer, can compromise working and integrity of the machine and the guarantee will be cancelled.

All the data for dimensioning the power circuit and the choice of electric protections (lead section and power intake) are given in table 1 on page 2.

4.2 ELECTRIC CONNECTIONS

The electric connections to be made by the user are reported in the electric diagram and are summed up as follows:

• Connections to the mains supply

Number on terminal block in the electric panelModels021 026 031L-N-PEModels041L1-L2-L3-N-PE

All the units are dimensioned to be sullpied with a neutral lead for auxiliary circuits.

• On/Off remote control : blocks in the electric panel 4-5

USE A CLEAN CONTACT THAT IS NOT LIVE

Parameter CF16=0

Logic: - closed contact :

working disactivated

- open contact:

working activated You may invert the working logic of the digital on/off input, by changing parameter CF16 in the user's menu (see page 16, par. 10.3).

IMPORTANT: from keyboard you can switch the unit on / off only from a disactivated input (priority from remote control).

• Summer / Winter remote activation:

Blocks in electric board: 4-6

-Function active only in EPA heat pump models. It allows you to control the section chiller / heat pump from a remote touch pad.

USE A CLEAN CONTACT THAT IS NOT LIVE

Working logic:

With parameter CF13=1 (standard configuration) and remote contact "open", the equipments works as a heat pump. When the contact is closed, it works as a chiller.

With parameter CF13=0 and remote contact "open", it forces the equipment to work as a chiller. When the contact is closed, it works as a heat pump.





To use the Summer/Winter remote activation you have to set parameter CF28 on, in the user's menu (CF28=1). Once this parameter is active, the selection priority is from remote control (see page 15).

• Alarm signal from remote position:

Blocks 4 - 7 ----(open collector output to control a 12V /40mA relay)

-Permette di riportare a distanza un segnale di"allarme intervenuto". Blocks 4-7 are directly connected to an open collector output, that can control a 12VDC/40mA relay. The output switches from 0 to 12Vdc, as soon as an alarm managed by the microprocessor starts.

The ralay is optional

Before connecting the relay, please respect the following connections:



IMPORTANT: The output signal from connector 7 (-12Vdc) directly controls the red LED "Allarme" on the base remote control (KRC Base), when a KRC Base is supplied as an accessory.

5.0 USE OF THE MICROPROCESSOR CONTROLLER



All the units mount a microprocessor controller by which you can set all the typical parameters regulating the working of the equipment.



5.1 USER INTERFACE

The instrument display is divided into three areas.

Left Upper Area: Evaporator. It shows user system water IN / OUT temperature.

IN - inlet water temperature (return from user system)

OUT - outlet water temperature (delivery to user system) Left Lower Area: It shows condensation temperature / pressure or the active time (function activated on call as an accessory). Right Area: Signalling icons.

Display Icons

The display icons give you all information on the state of the unit.

Celsius degrees o

the value shown on the display is a temperature value (in the user's menu as well)

^{Bar} bar

the value shown on the display is a pressure value (in the user's menu as well)

Compressor

sor

The icon shows the compressor state: Blinking: the compressor is needed. A temporization is in progress

Lit: the compressor is active



The stand-by mode is active every time the unit is turned off from a chiller or a heat pump state. It is signalled by the lit icon **Even in stand-by mode you can:**

1) Visualize the detected temperature

2) Manage the alarm situation by visualizing and signalising them

3) Activate the heating element as antifreeze safety.

General Alarm



High pressure alarm



it signals that an alarm has been triggered by the high pressure safety pressure switch. The safety device is connected to ID3 digital input (see the applicable wiring diagram). Low Pressure Alarm



it signals that an alarm has been triggered by the low pressure safety pressure switch. The safety device is connected to ID4 digital input. (see the applicable wiring diagram).

Antifreeze heating element



Indica lo stato delle resistenze elettriche antigelo.

Flow switch alarm



it signals that an alarm has been triggered by the safety water flow switch. The safety device is connected to ID1 digital input. (see the applicable wiring diagram).

Clock / Counter



Maintenance needed



The compressors or the plant pump need maintenance for exceeding working hours

Menu



It signals that "Function Menu" has been accessed

FUNCTIONS OF THE KEYS 5.2

| M SET | The M key allows to access function menu and time set-up. |
|--|--|
| M SET | The SET key allows to display or change the set point value. In programming mode, it selects a parameter or confirms a value |
| prg | Keeping this key pressed for 5 sec will start or stop the unit in cooling (chiller) mode of operation. It selects water IN/OUT temperatures on the upper display. In programming mode, it scrolls through parameters codes or increases their value. |
| and the second s | Keeping this key pressed for 5 sec will start the unit in heating (pdc) mode of operation. It selects outside air temperature / defrost display. In programming mode, it scrolls through parameters codes or increases their value. |

5.3 **COMBINED KEY FUNCTIONS**

| | To access programming mode |
|--------|--|
| M Stur | To exit programming mode |
| M SC | Pressing and holding these keys for more than 5 sec will start a manual defrost cycle |

SYMBOLS AND LEDS ON THE FRONT PANEL

| Simbolo | Led | Funzione | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| ※ | On | Unit ON in chiller mode | | | |
| * | Unit ON in heat pump mode | | | | |
| * | Blinking | During programming phase (it blinks together with LED *) | | | |
| 775 | Blinking | Defrost Start Delay Time | | | |
| | On | Defrost active | | | |
| | Off | Defrost disabled or finished | | | |
| Ŀ | | Clock setting | | | |

VISUALIZATION 6.0 VISUALIZATION IN NORMAL CONDITION



Under normal working conditions, the instrument displays: Upper Display:

Evaporator water inlet/outlet temperature (EWA EPA EWE EWR air/water units, EWH EPH water/water units).

Lower Display:

Condensation temperature/pressure or evaporator water antifreeze temperature (pdc water/water units), with their units of measurements.

Active time (optional).

6.1 DISPLAY DURING ALARMS



Varying from a normal condition (no alarm active), as soon as an alarm condition is detected, the instrument alternately shows blinking alarm code and respective icon, and temperature / pressure on the lower display (example given in the fig.: presence of alarm high pressure).

6.2 QUICK DISPLAY OF MAIN INFORMATION

In order to help user during the machine test-and-check phase, the procedure for displaying main information without accessing selection menu has been simplified.

• Pressing the key UP 🚖 will display in rotation system delivery and return temperatures. This function helps to check the actual evaporator inlet/outlet thermal head, which should corresponds approximately to 5°C in normal working conditions.



• Pressing the DOWN key will display in rotation outside air temperatures (probe available as optional) / and condensation or defrost temperatures (pdc unit).



6.3 UNIT IN STAND-BY

Stand-by mode is enabled any time the unit is turned off, either in chiller or in p.d.c. mode of operation. When the unit is in stand-by mode, the icon $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ will light up.

Also in stand-by mode, the controller allows to:

1) Display the detected measuraments

2) Menage alarm events by displaying and signalling them.

3) Activate heating elements as evaporator anti-freeze safety device depending on thermoregulator.

Only by switching the unit off you can change from chiller to heat pump.



6.4 ACTIVATING / DISACTIVATING CHILLER MODE (SUMMER MODE)

By pressing 5 seconds UP key **a**, the unit changes from standby to chiller mode or viceversa. After the delay timing, if no alarm is active, the compressor starts. During the start the "STAND-BY" **a** icone turns off, while the SUN **b** icone referring to "Chiller" mode blinks. In "Chiller" mode only the related set-point ("StC" Set Chiller) can be changed; otherwise you can visualize the dynamic set-point ("StD") if it is active.



6.5 ACTIVATING / DISACTIVATING HEATING MODE (WINTER MODE)

By pressing 5 seconds DOWN key in the unit changes from stand-by to heat pump mode or viceversa. After the delay timing, if no alarm is active, the compressor starts. During the start the "STAND-BY" is cone turns off, while the "SNOW" is icon related to "heat pump" mode. In heat pump mode only the related set-point ("StH" Set Heat pump) can be changed; otherwise you can visualize the dynamic set-point ("StD") if it is active.



6.6 ACTIVATION / DISACTIVATION FROM DIGITAL INPUT

This function is used if the unit on/off is remote controlled (i.e. by a timer, see par. 4.2, p. 4).

USE A CLEAN CONTACT THAT IS NOT LIVE

- 1) It takes the precedence to the keyboard
- 2) You can turn the unit on/off, only when the digital input is disactivated

3. When the digital input is inactive, the controller goes back to the mode prior to the activation. The upper part of the display shows "OFF" and the LED of the decimals blinks.

IMPORTANT: you can invert the polarity of input "id5", so when the signal is active the unit is on. The parameter controlling this function is CF16=1, and it can be modified by the user (see par. Access to user's menu)



6.7 CONTROLLING THE CHILLER / HEAT PUMP WORKING MODE FROM DIGITAL INPUT

To use the summer / winter remote control you have to activate parameter CF28, in the user's menu (CF28=1). Once this parameter is active, the selection priority is from remote control.

When CF28=1, if the unit is on in Chiller or Heat pump mode and the working mode is changed, the controller turns all the outputs (compressor, pump...) off, and it waits the fixed delay time, signalled by the blinking LEDS of the Chiller or of the Heat pump. The blinking state indicates the working state whe the unit is turned on again, waiting for the protection time of the compressors.

7.0 ADJUSTING THE "SET POINT"



By pushing the SET key when the unit is in stand-by or chille mode you can display the set value. To change the set value just push key SET about 5 seconds; the displayed value starts blinking. Use the UP or DOWN keys to modify the value within the limits set up in factory.

ST0510°Cminimum Summer setST0618°Cmaximum Summer set





The value blinks, use the cursor to modify the value.



7.2 SEt.H Set point Heat pump 38,5°C

When the unit is in stand-by or in heat pump mode, press SET key to visualize the set value. To change the value, just press SET key about 5 seconds; the value then starts blinking. Use the UP or DOWN keys to modify the value within the limits set up in factory.

| ST07 | 36°C | minimum Winter set |
|------|------|--------------------|
| ST08 | 43°C | maximum Winter set |



7.3 SEt.D Dynamic Set point (Optional on request)

It allows to change the working set point according to the temperature detected by pb4 probe, supplied as an accessory. This function increases the compressor output C.O.P., favoring energy saving

When the dynamic set point is on, press SET key twice to visualize on the lower part of the display "**Set.D**" (dynamic set), and on the upper part the actual working value of the set.

The label **SETd** is on only if the dynamic set point is a activated. The parameters controlling the dynamic setpoint of chiller and heat pump are directly set in the user's menu, taking care of the following relations:

• Working Logic SEt.D Summer (Chiller)



Sd02 Summer dynamic set point max offset. It establishes the maximum variation for the set-point in chiller mode.

Sd04Set external air temperature, dynamic set point in chiller mode.

Sd06 Temperature difference between external air and dynamic set-point in chiller mode.

• winter functioning logic (heat pump)



Sd03 Increase maximum dynamic set-point in heat pump function. Establishes the maximum variation for the setpoint in heat pump mode

Sd05 Set external air temperature, dynamic set point in heat-pump mode

Sd07 Dynamic set point outside air temperature differential in heat pump mode of operation.



SEt.S Energy saving (Optional su richiesta) 7.4 Energy Saving function allows to run two different working set points in both chiller / p.d.c. modes of operation.

It could be programmed daily or weekly by time bands (version with on-board time clock, on-request accessory), or run by external contact. During an Energy Saving cycle, the set point is increased by the value set in ES10 / ES12, so that the working set point will become SET+ES10 in chiller mode of operation, or SET+ES12 in heat pump mode of operation. The referring differential for thermoregulation with active energy saving will correspond to the value of S11 parameter in chiller mode of operation, ES13 parameter in heat pump mode of operation.

• E.S. Daily Programming

Only for models with on-board time clock. Optional on request)

Set the energy saving parameter relating to the day to 1.

E.g.: ES03 = 1 (energy saving active on Monday, 24 hour a day). Set parameters from ES04 to ES09 to 1 to enable energy saving during all the other days of the week.

• E.S. Time Band Programming

(Only for models with on-board time clock. Optional on request)

Set the parameter ES01 (Energy Saving cycle start time), ES02 (Energy Saving cycle stop time).

E.g.: ES01 = 8.0 ES02 = 10.0 energy saving active $8 \div 10.0$ all days of the week.

E.g.: ES01 = 23.0 ES02 = 8.0 energy saving active from 11.00 P.M. to 8.00 A.M. of the following day, all days of the week.

IMPORTANT: The time band function will be prohibited if parameters ES01 / ES02 are set to the same time or to 0. • Running E.S. from External Contact

The E.S. function can always be run directly from id5 external contact(CONNECTORS 4-5). To enable this function, set the parameter CF10=8.

This operation uses the same digital input normally used as a remote on/off (see par.4.2 p. 4).

IMPORTANT: depending on parameter CF16 the working logic is inverted.



USE A CLEAN CONTACT THAT IS NOT LIVE

• Parametri Energy Saving

| ESUI Energy saving | g start time | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| ES02 Energy saving | g stop time | |
| ES03 Monday | 0 = disabled | 1= enabled |
| ES04 Tuesday | 0 = disabled | 1= enabled |
| ES05 Wednesday | 0 = disabled | 1= enabled |
| ES06 Thursday | 0 = disabled | 1= enabled |
| ES07 Friday | 0 = disabled | 1= enabled |
| ES08 Saturday | 0 = disabled | 1= enabled |
| ES09 Sunday | 0 = disabled | 1= enabled |
| ES10 Energy savin | g setting increase in a | chiller mode of c |

setting increase in chiller mode of operation ES11 Energy saving differential in chiller mode of operation ES12 Energy saving setting increase in heat pump mode of

operation ES13 Energy saving differential in heat pump mode of operation

7.5 AUTOMATIC CHANGE-OVER (OPTIONAL **ON REQUEST)**

It automatically changes the unit state of functioning (chiller / heat pump) according to programming and external climatic conditions.

This function works only with heat pump EPA supplied with an optional PB4 environmental temperature sensor.

Parameters governing the change over function:

CF29 It allows to set the change over set point, which is the value of the PB4-detected temperature below which the instrument will force a p.d.c. mode of operation.

CF30 It allows to set the change over differential, which is the temperature differential depending on which the instrument will force a chiller mode of operation.

In order to help user set up the change over set point, pressing and releasing the DOWN 🙀 key will display the temperature of PB4 probe for 5sec on the upper display, while the lower display will show the Et label.



For temperatures within the CF30 differential, change over via keypad is allowed.

8.0 BASE REMOTE CONTROL PANEL BASE KRC BASE (Optional on request)

This touch pad allows the on/off control of all the Quasar and Pulsar units. With reversible Pulsar heat pumps you can switch from chiller to heat pump and viceversa. Moreover, a red LED signals the state of an active alarm. After completing the electric wirings as described below, check that the jumper on the right hand of the electric block is closed (supply 12Vac).

A wrong setting of the jumper may damage the remote control.

IMPORTANT: Please, change CF16 = 1 parameter, so that the activation logic respects that of the remote control. You can change the parameter in the "User's menu", see par. 10.3 p. 16.

CONTROLS

ON/OFF key
 Summer / Winter key
 VISUALIZATION
 Green Led On
 Green Led Summer
 Green Led Winter
 Red Led Alarm
 SIZE
 -120 x 70 x 28.7 mm



8.1 ELECTRIC CONNECTIONS FOR THE BASIC REMOTE CONTROL PANEL KRC BASE

The electric connections between the remote control panel and the electric control board on the unit must be made on site, using a 6-pole cable with a minimum section of 0.5 sq.mm. The maximum recommended length must no exceed **150 meters.** The electric connections to the remote control panel are the following:



Rear view of the remote control panel

8.1.1 CONNECTION TO AN EXTERNAL ALARM RELAY



8.2 TOP REMOTE CONTROL PANEL KRC TOP (Optional on request)



Supplied as an on-request accessory, this kit allows to display and run all control parameters displayed as from machine controller. The keypad size enables the device to be installed within the very common (3 modules) wall boxes used in civil elecrtical systems. The remote terminal must be mounted on the panel, or on a 72x56 mm hole, and fixed using screws.



To obtain a IP65 front protection, use the front protection rubber, mod. RGW-V (optional). For external fixing on wall, a V-KIT vertical keypad adapter, as the one shown in figure 2, is available.



FUNZIONE DEI TASTI KRC Top

| menù | The M key allows to access function menu and time set-up. |
|------|---|
| set | The SET key allows to display or change the set point value. In programming mode, it selects a parameter or confirms a value. |
| 4 | This key allows to select water IN/OUT tempreatures, on the upper display. In programming mode, it scrolls through parameter codes or increase their values. |
| | This key allows to display outside air defrost temperature. In programming mode, it scrolls through parameter codes or decrease their values. |
| No. | Keeping this key pressed for 5 sec will start or stop the unit in either chiller or heat pump mode of operation. |
| * | Keeping this key pressed for 5 sec will start or stop the unit in either chiller or heat pump mode of operation |

8.3 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS KRC Top

The electric connection between the unit switchboard and the remote control panel has to be done on site using a 2 wire shielded cable 0,5 mmq size. The Max suggested length is 80 m. With connections exceeding this length the wire size has to be increased up to 1,5 mmq for a 150 m max length.

Connection cables are NOT included in the KRC accessory kit.



IMPORTANT: Respect polarity as shown in the scheme below:

block in electric board 1 + block in electric board 2-

block in krc 1+ block in krc 2-

If wrong connected, the remote display does not lightup. The keyboard is still protected, and if wrongly connected, all you have to do is invert polarity

9.0 " M KEY " FUNCTION MENU

Accessing the function menu will allow you to:

- 1) Display and reset triggered alarms
- 2) Display and reset controlled load working hours
- 3) Enable the control via infrared transmission (supplied as an accessory)
- 4) Display alarm history
- 5) Delete alarm history

While the function menu is displayed, the "menu" icon is lit up

9.1 ACCESS TO THE "M" FUNCTION MENU

Press and release the M (menu) key. The "menu" icon will appear.



9.2 EXIT FROM THE FUNCTION MENU

Press and release the M key or wait for time-out (15s). The "menu" icon will disappear.

9.3 DISPLAYING ALARMS

The system runs about 30 alarm codes. The most important are displayed by means of icons at the sides of the two displays. All the alarms can be identified through a code, and stored, up to 50, in time wise ordervengono visualizzati tramite icone laterali ai 2 display. Tutti gli allarmi sono identificabili tramite codice, e memorizzati fino ad un massimo di 50 in ordine temporale.

Access function menu:

1) By using the UP or DOWN KEYS a select the "ALrM" function.

2) Press and release the **SET key**.

3) By using the UP or DOWN keys scroll through all the alarms. To exit, press the menu key or wait 15s for time-out.

9.4 RESETTING AN ALARM

In case of a serious alarm, such as high pressure, evaporator antifreeze, etc., the system must be manually reset.

All the arisen alarm codes (manual and auto reset) are recorded in the Eprom, to allow an alarm diagnosis even long time later.

IMPORTANT: If the alarm continues, call the TONON Authorized Service Centre.

Procedure to manually reset the alarms

- 1) Access the Functions Menu
- 2) Select the "ALrM" function



3) By pressing SET the lower display will show the alarm code4) Upper display: rSt lebel if the alarm is resettable, e l'allarme e resettabile, label NO label if it is not resettable.

Scroll through all available alarms by using the a $\Huge{\bigstar}$ keys.



5) Press **SET** next to the **rSt** label to reset the alarm and move to the next one



6) To exit, press the menu key or wait for the 15seconds' timeout.



9.5 HOW TO DISPLAY THE ALARM HISTORY

1) Access the function menu

2) By using the UP or DOWN keys select the ALOG function



 Press SET: the lower dislay will show a label indicating an alarm code, the upper display the "n°" label indicating a progressive number



4) By using the the UP or DOWN keys scroll through all the available alarms.



5) To exit ALOG funcion and revert to standard display, press the M key or wait for time-out (15 sec) to expire. The memory can store up to 50 alarms; any new detected alarm exceeding that number will automatically delete the oldest alarm from the memory (alarms are displayed from the oldest to the most recent).





IMPORTANT: The alarm history can be deleted only through the maintenance password.

9.6 ALARM CODES AND FUNCTIONS

| Code | Meaning | Cause | Action | Reset |
|------|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| P1 | Alarm PB1 probe | Faulty probe or resistive value out of range | It activates the alarm relay output It activates the buzzer The general alarm icon blinks Code on the display | Automatic if the value returns within the set range |
| P2 | Alarm PB2 probe | Faulty probe or resistive value out of range | It activates the alarm relay output It activates the buzzer The general alarm icon blinks Code on the display | Automatic if the value returns within the set range |
| P3 | Alarm PB3 probe | Faulty probe or resistive / current value out of range | It activates the alarm relay output It activates the buzzer The general alarm icon blinks Code on the display | Automatic if the value returns within the set range |
| P4 | Alarm PB4 probe | Faulty probe or resistive value out of range | It activates the alarm relay output It activates the buzzer The general alarm icon blinks Code on the display | Automatic if the value returns within the set range |
| A01 | Alarm high pressure switch | The Hp1 high-pressure gauge triggers | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "High Pressure Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Manual Return to the pressure range plus reset procedure at point 9.4 |
| A02 | Alarm Low pressure switch | The Lp1 low-pressure gauge triggers | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "LowPressure Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Automatic, it becomes manual after 2 triggers in one hour Manual Return to the pressure range plus reset procedure at point 9.4 |
| A05 | High temperature High pressure | AL11 limit exceeded by PB3 probe (condensation control) | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Alarm High Pressure" icon blinking Code displayed | Manual Return to the pressure range plus reset procedure at point 9.4 |
| A06 | Low temperature Low pressure | AL13 limit exceeded by PB3 probe defrosting control) | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Alarm Low Pressure" icon blinking Code displayed | Automatic, it becomes manual after 2 triggers in one hour Manual Return to the pressure range plus reset procedure at point 9.4 |
| A07 | Alarm anti-freezing | AR03 limit exceeded set antifreeze alarm by pB2 probe on the evaporator (delivery temperature) | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Manual Return to the pressure range plus reset procedure at point 9.4 |
| A08 | Flow switch alarm | Safety device triggers on the evaporator water delivery (FL) | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Flow switch Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Automatic, it becomes manual after 2 triggers in one hour Manual Return to the pressure range plus reset procedure at point 9.4 |
| A09 | Alarm compressor 1, thermal relay | Digital input activated by the magnetothermal switch on compressor 1 | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Reset the safety device plus reset procedure at point 9.4. |
| A10 | Alarm compressor 2, thermal relay | Digital input activated by the magnetothermal switch on compressor 2 | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Reset the safety device plus reset procedure at point 9.4. |

000 ALARM CODES AND FUNCTIONS

| A11 | Alarm Condensation fan | Digital input activated by the fan thermal switch (thermal and klixon) | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Alarm Generic" icon blinking Code displayed | Manual Reset the safety device plus reset procedure at point 9.4 |
|----------|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| A12 | Defrost alarm error | End of defrosting for dF07 (maximum time) | Code displayed Only signalling | Automatic By a subsequent correct defrost Manual |
| A13 | Alarm Compressor 1 Maintenance | Compressor 1 working hours exceeded | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Alarm Maintenance" icon blinking Code displayed | Manual Working hour reset point 9.8 |
| A14 | Alarm Compressor 2 Maintenance | Compressor 2 working hours exceeded | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Alarm Maintenance" icon blinking Code displayed | Manual Working hour reset point 9.8 |
| A15 | Alarm Water pump Maintenance | Working hours > CO16 | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Alarm Maintenance" icon blinking Code displayed | Manual Working hour reset point 9.8 |
| rtC | Alarm Time Clock | Time Clock to be set | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Manual Clock setting plus reset procedure point 9.4 |
| rtF | Alarm Time Clock | Time Clock fault Clock malfunctioning | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Manual Reset procedure point 9.4 If after resetting the alarm re-occurs, change the clock |
| EE | Alarm Eprom error | Memory data loss | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Manual Reset procedure point 9.4 If after resetting the alarm re-occurs, the equipment will remain blocked |
| ACF 1 | Alarm Configuration | Unit configured as heat pump with non-configured reversal valve | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Automatic By correct reprogramming |
| ACF 2 | Alarm Configuration | Air/air air/water units without probe configured for condensation control | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Automatic By correct reprogramming |
| ACF 3 | Alarm Configuration | Two digital inputs having the same configuration | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Automatic By correct reprogramming |
| ACF 4 | Alarm Configuration | CF28= 1 and digital input non-configured or CF28=2 probe PB4 other than 3 | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Automatic By correct reprogramming |
| AFr | Alarm Mains supply frequency | Mains supply frequency out of range | Open-collector / alarm relay activated Buzzer activated "Generic Alarm" icon blinking Code displayed | Automatic When frequency returns within working range |

9.7 OUTPUT BLOCK TABLE

| Alarm | Alarm Description | Comp.1 | Antifreeze heating | Pump | Condenser fan | Boiler |
|-------|---------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|------|---------------|--------|
| Code | _ | _ | element | | | |
| P1 | Probe PB1 | OFF | Yes if Ar19 =0 | | OFF | OFF |
| P2 | Probe PB2 | OFF | Yes if Ar19 =0 | | OFF | OFF |
| P3 | Probe PB3 | OFF | Yes if Ar19 =0 | | OFF | OFF |
| P4 | Probe PB4 | OFF | Yes if Ar19 =0 | | OFF | OFF |
| A01 | High pressure switch | OFF | | | | |
| A02 | Low pressure switch | OFF | | | OFF | |
| A05 | High temperature, high pressure | OFF | | | | |
| A06 | Low temperature, low pressure | OFF | | | OFF | |
| A07 | Antifreeze | OFF | | | OFF | |
| A08 | Flow switch | OFF | Boiler heater OFF | OFF | | OFF |
| A09 | Compressor 1 thermal relay | OFF | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| A11 | Condensation fan thermal relay | OFF | | | OFF | |
| A12 | Defrost error | | | | | |
| A13 | Compressor 1 maintenance | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| A15 | Water pump maintenance | | | | | |
| rtC | Time clock Alarm | | | | | |
| RtF | Time clock Alarm | | | | | |
| EE | Eprom error | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| ACF1 | Configuration Alarm | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| ACF2 | Configuration Alarm | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| ACF3 | Configuration Alarm | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| ACF4 | Configuration Alarm | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| AFr | Net frequency alarm | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |

9.8 DISPLAYING LOAD WORKING HOURS

1) Access function menu

2) Press the keys until the lower display shows the label of the single load; C1Hr (compressor 1 working hours), CHr2 (compressor 2 working hours), PFHr (system water pump working hours).



The upper display will show the working hours.

The icon 🕒 is lit up.

9.9 RESETTING LOAD WORKING HOURS

- 1) Access function menu by pressing "M" key
- 2) Press the 😭 📡 keys until the lower display shows the label of the single load (C1Hr, C2Hr, PFHr) and the upper display shows the working hours.
- 3) Keep the SET key pressed for 3 sec: the upper display will show 0, which means the reset has been carried out correctly.
- 4) Exit function menu by pressing the M key or waiting for exit time-out to expire (15s)
- 5) Repeat operations 1 to 4 for other loads.



Before resetting this Alarm code, contact the authorized Tonon Service for a check-up of the equipment in order to avoid further troubles

10.0 PROGRAMMING FROM THE KEYBOARD

The controller parameters are managed under Family Labels. This system allows a quicker access to the requird parameter.

| LABEL | MEANING |
|-------|--|
| ALL | Displays all the parameters |
| ST | Displays only thermoregulation parameters |
| CF | Displays only configuration parameters |
| SD | Displays only dynamic set point parameters |
| ES | Displays only energy saving parameters |
| СО | Displays only compressor parameters |
| FA | Displays only ventilation parameters |
| Ar | Displays only heating element parameters |
| DF | Displays only defrost parameters |
| AL | Displays only alarm parameters |

10.1 ACCESS TO "PR1" PARAMETERS (USER-LEVEL)



- Press SET and keys for a few seconds. The icons and start blinking.
- 2) Select the different families of parameters by using the keys
- 3) After selecting the family, by pressing the SET key, the instrument will display label and code of the first parameter included into the family in "Pr1" on the lower display, and its value on the upper display.

Now you can scroll and change only the parameters included into that family.

10.2 TO CHANGE PARAMETER VALUES

- 1) Access programming mode
- 2) Select the desired parameter
- 3) Press the SET key to allow the value to be changed
- 4) Change the value by using the a keys
- 5) Press SET to store the new value and move to the next parameter

6) TO LEAVE PROGRAMMING MODE:

Press SET + Schen a parameter is displayed, or wait (15s) without pressing any key.



IMPORTANT: The new set value is stored also in case of time-out exit without pressing SET.

10.3 KEY SEQUENCE TO CHANGE PARAMETERS

- 1) Press SET + arrow UP, to access the user menu "PR1"
- 2) Press the keys 😭 🖌 , select the range of parameters to display (e.g. CF is the configuration parameter)



3) Press SET to access the parameters of the selected range.



4) Press SET to select the set value to be changed **IMPORTANT: this is only possible with the unit is in stand-by**



5) Press 🗟 🚡 to change the parameter. Press SET to save the change.



11.0 COMPRESSOR ADJUSTMENT IN CHILLER OR HEAT PUMP MODE

All the units are controlled depending on temperature detected by pB1 probe located at the evaporator inlet (temperature returning from user system). The compressors functioning is set out below:



Single compressor units



11.1 OPERATING MODE OF THE CIRCULATION PUMP

The plant circulation pump functions are controlled by the machine regulator

11.2 TIMING

To guarantee a correct machine functioning and avoid untimely triggering of some safety devices during compressor starting and stopping phase. In the regulation system the following timings are active:

CO02 360 sec.

Minimum Off-time

It determines the time during which the compressor must remain disactivated even when there is a call for it to restart. During this phase, the LED relating to the compressor is blinking.

CO05 60 sec

Delay on-time meant as actual power supply to the control It delays the activation of outputs in order to distribute mains electrical inputs and protect the compresor/s against repeated startings in case of frequent mains power supply failures.

CO07 250 sec.

The water pump will be stopped only as machine stops (unit in stand by).

11.3 FAN FUNCTIONS

All the unit mount a fan speed control. They may be adjusted according to a temperature or to a pressure sensor, which is supplied on request as an accessory (DCP).

IMPORTANT: for units working with low outside air temperature in chiller function, we recommend using the DCP for a more reliable control.

Ideal temperature ranges for control type:

WORKING IN CHILLER MODE

Outdoor temperature $20 \div 35^{\circ}C$ Standard control temperature

Outdoor temperature $-10 \div 35^{\circ}C$ DCP pressure control

As to Pulsar models with heat pump, the DCP gives better control for the defrosting function too.

11.4 DCP PRESSURE CONTROL DEVICE

This type of control has a pressure probe with 4-20mA outlet signals. The regulation range for the probes goes from 0 to 30 bars. The device can also be installed on site, which besides the installation of a transducer also requires a series of changes to the control parameters. Therefore this operation must only be performed by **qualified TONON FORTY S.p.A, staff or by authorized service centres.**

QUASAR models with only "Chiller":

The position for the pressure test point for installing the pressure transducer is on the liquid pipe coming out of the condensation battery.



PULSAR models "Chiller and heat pump"

The position of the pressure test point to install the pressure transducer is on the delivery pipe coming out of the 4-way reverse valve, going into the finned battery (summer condenser / winter evaporator). This gives the following controls:

- Condensation pressure control in Chiller mode, to control the fan speed during summer functions.
- Evaporation pressure control in Heat pump mode, to control the fan speed during winter functions.
- Defrosting control with low pressure input and high pressure outlet (see par. 11.5 p. 18)

Example:



11.5 DEFROSTING

All the heat pump Pulsar model use a defrosting control by pressure sensor.

Working

When the defrosting temperature has been reached pB3 (par. DF03) the delay countdown begins. Once the delay is complete, a defrosting cycle is activated. The output starts according to the set (par. DF04), once the value of probe TR2 has been reached. If the defrosting time goes over the maximum value, the wrong defrosting is signalled on the display.

- Combined pressure control



The probe is positioned as shown in the diagram: Tr3 defrosting control pressure probe

N.B. during a defrosting phase the heating elements fitted in the battery pipes(if delivered as accessories) are turned on. In this way the lower part of the battery is warmed up to help dripping and preventing ice blocks.

11.6 MANUAL DEFROSTING

The control also gives the possibility of forcing a manual defrosting cycle. This function is active if parameter dF05 is not 0. You may defrost with pressure lower than set dF19 for time dF05, even if time dF10 has not expired. If while time counting dF05 pressure goes over the sum of dF19 set and differential dF20, the function is cancelled and time dF05 is reloaded.

To start the manual function, press the SET+arrow up keys together for 5 seconds.



11.7 DISPLAYING TIME LEFT TOCOMPLETE DEFROSTING

You can visualize on the display the time left to the start of a defrosting cycle. To access this visualization, press "M" key, then with the arrow keys scroll to label "dEF". On the lower part of the display you can read time, expressed in minues and seconds.

1- Press "M" key to access the FunctionsMenu



2- Scroll through the menu to Label dEF. On the lower display the remaining time before a defrosting is shown. IMPORTANT: In the case of combined defrosting, once the delay time has expired, the defrosting function is only activated if the combined set point status is satisfied



12.0 STARTING

12.1 PRELIMINARY CHECK

General checks are NECESSARY prior to starting the appliance in order to guarantee trouble-free operation of assembly.

1) Check that the water connections have been carried out correctly in accordance with the general diagrams enclosed with this manual.

Ensure that the user system return water pipe is connected to the fitting marked "COOLED WATER INLET", while the system water supply pipe is connected to the fitting "COOLED WATER OUTLET"

- 2) Bleed the water system properly with the pump switched off. Any air bubbles could cause malfunctioning and even ice in the cooler, with the possibility that this could break and pollute the refrigerant circuit.
- **3)** Check that all the on/off valves in the system are open, that the system is up to pressure and that water circulation is nor-mal.
- **4)** Check the electrical connections and that the Sections of the wires and their raceways corresponds to what is indicated on the enclosed wiring diagram.
- 5) Check that the terminals are tight.
- 6) Check that the supply voltage corresponds to the indications given on the wiring diagram. Also check that the voltage is constant and does not deviate more than 5% from the required value.
- **7)** All the units included in models 041 / 121 come with a three-phase compressor and are fitted with a cyclic phase conn-ection control relay. If the connection is incorrect, the appli-ance cannot be activated.

If the green LED on the relay lights up, this indicates that the connections and the phase sequence are correct. The LED goes out if phase connection is incorrect.

In this case it is sufficient to invert the connection of two of the three phases to ensure the correct direction of rotation of the compressor.

- 8) All the units have a compressor oil heater (casing resistance), which should be activated at least 8 hours before starting the compressor. The casing resistance should be pow-ered by switching on the power on/off switch without starting the compressor by the On/Off control on the display panel.
- **9)** Ensure that airflow through the finned block condenser is not obstructed (presence of foreign objects, packing material, leaves, etc.).

Do not use the on/off power circuit breaker to start or stop the unit

12.2 START UP

Once all the above tests have been performed, the unit can be turned on.

From the front panel on the machine, you can directly have access to the controller through the PVC flap.

All the thermal switches on the QMI electric control board etc., must be turned on so that they power all the users.

If the regulator display is not on, check that the phase control relay KA3 is active. Otherwise invert the phases on the line terminal board input (see the previous para-graph at point 7).

The regulator display shows respectively the plant return temperature (plant water intake) and the bottom display shows the fan control temperature or pressure. The ma-chine awaits a command, the stand-by icon $\frac{7}{2}$ is lit.

To start the unit in summer mode (chiller) press the key

| for 5 seconds, or 🙆 🏹 press key to activate the unit i | n |
|---|---|
| $W_{internet}^{i}$ and $(\mathbf{D}_{internet}^{i}$ a | |

Winter mode (Pulsar units only) see paragraph 7.1 or 7.2.

12.3 SUMMER MODE START UP

The regulation device is set in the factory with the summer function set-point (chiller) at 12.5°C with a differential of 3°C.

This shows that the unit is set to function when the recycle water temperature is above 14°C and will automatically stop when the temperature falls to 11°C.

Before starting the unit, we recommend checking the setpoint value as follows:

- Press the SET key
- The bottom display shows the Set C code (summer set-point)
- The top display shows the set value 12.5

To change the value refer to paragraph 8.0.

12.4 WINTER MODE START UP

The regulation device is set in the factory with the winter function set-point heat-pump) at 38.5°C with a differential of 3°C.

This shows that the unit is set to function when the recycle water temperature is lower than 37°C and will automatically stop when the temperature reaches 40°C.

Before starting the unit, we recommend checking the setpoint value as follows:

- Press the SET key
- The bottom display shows the Set H code (Winter set-point)
- The top display shows the set value 38.5

To change the value refer to paragraph 8.0.

IMPORTANT: if the unit is not started from a remote control, the top display shows the OFF label (see par. 7.3)

12.5 INTERFACE WITH THE USER'S SYSTEM

TONON® chiller and heat pump units can be interfaced with various types of systems. However, certain hydraulic and electric requirements must be respected to avoid problems of varying entity during operations.

1) All the units are automatically heat-regulated. During the relative period, it is best if the unit is always on so that the water temperature is maintained in the user's system.

DO NOT USE THE ROOM THERMOSTAT AS THE ON/OFF SWITCH FOR THE MACHINE



2) All the standard and AP units need a constant water flow to the heat exchanger. Therefore it is important that when the unit is running there is no variation in the flow.

UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES MUST THE WATER DELIVERY AND RECYCLE LINES OF THE UNIT BE BLOCKED.



3) All the units need a rated flow, refer to paragraph 3.0, which guarantees a thermal jump of around 5°C between entrance and exit to the exchanger. One of the simplest checks is to ensure there are no large pressure drops in the system.

12.6 OPERATING CHECKS

GENERAL INDICATIONS

All the appliances come with a condensate temperature / control device to allow operation even with low external air temperatures (min. -10° C).

This device activates the modulation of the fan speed of rotation in relation to the condensed refrigerant temperature.

Upon starting the compressor, the fan starts immediately at maximum speed of rotation. After a few moments the control device automatically enables the modulation of the airflow in order to keep the temperature/condensation pressure constantly within the set values in relation to the external air temperature.

The control device is set to prevent subsequent compressor start-ups at short intervals, which could cause damage. The following time settings are therefore active during a normal operating cycle: (see par.13.2).

12.7 CHECKS

- Water temperature

Once steady operating conditions have been reached, check the difference between the inlet and outlet water temperature. The inlet temperature is normally shown on the display.

Pressing the key will display in rotation ystem delivery and return temperatures. The temperature difference should be between 4.5 - 5.5 °C. Greater differences indicate poor water circulation in the system (in this case, check pump specifications).

- Working pressures

After a few minutes operation, using the pressure gauges (supplied as accessory or to be connected in the field), check the condensation (high-pressure side) and evaporation temperature (low-pressure side).

 High pressure side:

 Pressure
 Bar
 17.5
 19
 kPa
 1750
 1900

Low pressure side: Pressure Bar 4 - 4.7 kPa 400 - 470

- Refrigerant load

The temporary presence of bubbles that can be seen through the liquid indicator (when included) is to be considered normal. Persistence of the bubbles indicates lack of refrigerant inside the cooling circuit. The refrigerant load is indicated on the adhesive identification plate on the appliance.

- Presence of humidity

After a few hours of operation, check the colour of the crown inside the liquid level indicator (when included):

-a somewhat yellow colour indicates the presence of humidity in the cooling circuit. In this case, have qualified personnel remove the moisture from the circuit.

- Overheating temperature of the refrigerant gas

This value corresponds to the difference between the temperature of the gas measured on the intake pipe and the temperature of evaporation measured on the pressure gauge. For optimal appliance performance, the values should be between 4°C and 10 °C.

- Under-cooling temperature of the refrigerant liquid

This value corresponds to the difference between the temperature of condensation measured on the pressure gauge and the temperature measured on the liquid pipe. For optimal appliance performance, the values should exceed 2-3 °C.

- Electrical input

Check that electrical input corresponds to the values given on the technical data sheet.

13.0 CONTROL AND SAFETY DEVICES

All the appliances are fitted with a control device and a series of safety components, as listed on the following pages. These devices are calibrated in the factory and checked during the final test prior to dispatch. Once the appliance has been installed and after a reasonable period of operation, it is a good rule to check the efficiency of the control/safety devices and the matching of the values given in the following tables.

Safety devices

| safety device | Set-point | Differential |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| Antifreeze thermostat | 4°C | 3°C |
| - alarm activation temperation | ature: set point | |
| reenabling temperature: | set $point + different$ | ntial |

reenabling temperature: set point + differential

| High pressure switch | 28 bars 2800KPa | 5 bars 500KPa |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| - alarm activation temperat | ture: set point | • • |

- reenabling temperature: set point - differential

| Low presure switch | 2 bars 200KPa | 1 bar 100KPa |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| - alarm activation temperat | ure: set point | |

- reenabling temperature: set point + differential

Overload compressor 1,33 x I nom. comp.

The antifreeze alarm and high pressure, are manual resetting. Before resetting the unit after lock out (refer to paragraph 11.4), check the reason for the problem. If the alarm continues contact the TONON® Authorised service centre who will see to the necessary maintenance.

13.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Before leaving the factory all the machines are carefully tested and left running for a sufficient period to ensure that all components work properly and that all the control and safety devices trigger correctly. After correct installation no further adjustments need to be made unless repairs are carried out or malfunctioning occurs.

It is, however, necessary to periodically check that the appliance is working correctly, especially after prolonged periods of idleness.

This maintenance should be carried out by qualified TONON FORTY ® personnel only, following the instructions given in this manual.

The maintenance operations described on the following pages should be considered as a routine and are extremely important for the quality of operation and for long life of the appliance.

A troubleshooting list is given at the end of the chapter, in which possible troubles that could be encountered are listed, plus the corresponding causes and remedies.

13.2 PERIODICAL PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND CHECKS

Monthly checks.

- Check the working pressures on the high and low pressure side using a common pressure gauge unit or, if provided, the pressure gauges installed on the appliance

Rated working pressures

| External air temperature: | | 35°c |
|----------------------------------|------|----------|
| High pressure side | Bars | 18.5 |
| | KPa | 185 |
| Water temperature | | 12°C-7°C |
| Low pressure side | Bars | 4.2 |
| | KPa | 420 |

- Check the safety devices work correctly, and that the set trigger levels correspond as given in paragraph 13.0.
- Check the refrigerant load through the liquid indicator installed on all the appliances. If bubbles can be seen through the ind-icator under steady operaing conditions, this indicates possible lack of refrigerant.
- Check the colour of the crown inside the liquid indicator. Any tendency towards yellow indicates the presence of moist-ure or humidity and therefore the filter should be replaced. If the problem persists, dehydrate the cooling circuit.
- Check the total consumptions correspond to the levels given on the electrical data table.
- Check that the liquid circuit is properly filled, carefully bleeding the circuit through suitable air valves to eliminate any remaining air bubbles.
- Check that the electric terminals inside the electric control board and on the external user devices are tight.

Six-monthly maintenance checks

Carry out all maintenance operations scheduled at monthly intervals. Check that the condenser unit is clean. If necessary clean the fins using compressed air blown in the opposite direction to the airflow or, if there is concentrated clogging, a jet of water at moderate pressure. Check that the noise and vibration levels of the moving parts (compressor/fan/pump) are within normal limits.

13.3 STOPPING FOR THE SEASON

The Quasar and Pulsar range chillers and heat pumps are normally used in civil type air-conditioning systems which remain idle during Winter.

If the appliance is installed in areas where there is the possibility of freezing during winter, the system must be drained of water or the latter mixed with anti-freeze solutions in suitable percentage parts. In this case appliance efficiency may be slightly affected and the size of the pump should be calculated taking into consideration the variation in the parameters of water flow rate and loss of head of the cooler (see table par. 2.3).

IMPORTANT: FOR UNITS WITH EVAPORATOR ANTIFREEZE ELEMENTS, DO NOT TURN THE POWER OFF TO THE UNIT TO AVOID THE SAFETY DEVICE BEING TURNED OFF DURING COLD PERIODS

The antifreeze elements are active even when the unit is on stand-by.

13.4 SAFETY INFORMATION

All maintenance, repairs and replacement operations to any component, adding refrigerant gas, dismantling the unit, must all be done by qualified personnel trained in air conditioning units.

Electric connections

Fit a differential automatic switch near to the unit, with adequate capacity for the electric intake. Connect the unit to earth, checking it is efficient (80 Ω).

Refrigerant fluids

The type of refrigerant to use is given on the technical data plate on the hydraulic attachment side of the unit. The lubrification oil to be uses is given on the compressor plate.

Warnings

If the refrigerant gas accidentally leaks, take the following precautions:

- if the refrigerant gas comes into contact with skin or eyes, it can cause frostbite. Therefore, use protective gloves and clothing, and protect the face and eyes.

Prolonged inhalation of refrigerant gas can cause unconsciousness or heart disorders. Elevated concentrations can cause asphyxia due to the lack of oxygen in the surrounding atmosphere.

- Never use open flames, which due to combustion can cause toxic substances.

13.5 DEMOLISHING THE MACHINE AND DISPOSAL OF TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Demolition and processing of the substances used in the machine must be entrusted to authorised persons, in accordance with legislation in force. Harmful substances like compressor oil and refrigerant, must not be emptied directly into the atmosphere, but collected in special containers and delivered to the special disposal centres. all the identification plates and technical documents must be destroyed.

_

14.0 FAILURE SOLVER

| FAILURE | SIGN | POSSIBLE CAUSE | RECOMMENDED REMEDY | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| | Display panel does not light up | Power supply failure | Check electric connections to the mains supply terminals and the tension values. Check the fuses on the secondary circuit of the auxiliary transformer | | |
| | | Phses inverted. Relay KA3 does not give an impusle. The related LED is not active (only mod. 041) | Change the input phases in the terminal block in the electric panel | | |
| The machine does not start | The display panel is lit but the machine does not start | Unit in STAND_BY mode | See par. 6.3 to start the equipment | | |
| | Writing OFF on the display | No external consent | Check connections to terminals 2-3 for external | | |
| | The machine does not start and the compressor LED blinks on the display panel | Timing in progress | Wait for timing to finish (max. 360 sec.);then the compressor should start | | |
| | The low part of the display blinks with one or more alphanumeric codes and alternates with the temperature level | One or more satefy devices is in alarm status | Check which safety device has triggered, remove the cause for the alarm and rearm the safety device (see par. 9.6) | | |
| | 1 | | | | |
| The compressor continuously starts | Normal working, too frequent stops and starts due to low pressure | Too little refrigerant | Trace and remove the refrigerant leak and fill up | | |
| and stops | Suction pressure too low and frost | Liquid line filter blocked | Replace the filter | | |
| | | Ι | 1 | | |
| The compressor | Temperature too high in the room being conditioned | Excessive heat charge | Check infiltrations and insulation | | |
| runs and never | Temperature too low in the room being conditioned | The thermostat starts at too low temperature | Reset or repair the thermostat | | |
| | Bubbles on the refrigerant passage indicator | Too little refrigerant | Trace and repair the refrigerant leakage and fill up | | |
| | 1 | | | | |
| | The compressor is noisy, or delivery pressure too low and suction pressure too high | Worn or broken compression coils in the compressor | Service the compressor | | |
| Noisy compressor | The commence is the state | Broken parts inside the compressor | Service the compressor | | |
| | The compressor knocks in the head. The suction pipe is abnormally cold | Liquid return | Check overheating and the bulb position in the expansion valve | | |
| | | Expansion valve blocked in open position | Repair or replace the expansion valve | | |

| FAILURE | SIGN | POSSIBLE CAUSE | RECOMMENDED REMEDY | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Thermostatic valve whistles | The liquid refrigerant vaporises | Add refrigerant | |
| System performance is lower than normal | Temperature difference in the refrigerant pipe on a level with the filter or expansion valve | Blocked filter or solenoid | Clean or replace | |
| | Intermittent or uninterrupted running | Blocked or obstructed expansion valve | Repair or replace | |
| | | Overheating not correctly adjusted | Adjust the expansion valve and check | |
| | Excessive overheating | Excessive pressure drop in evaporator | Check overheating and reset the expansion valve | |
| | · | | | |
| | | Poor condensation air flow | Check the fan condition and any obstacles in the air flow | |
| Delivery pressure too high | Condensator outlet air too hot | Dirty condenser | Remove anything that is blocking the condenser (leaves, paper, etc) | |
| | Condenser outlet air cold | Too much refrigerant in the circuit, condenser flooded | Empty the refrigerant from the condenser | |
| | | | | |
| | Compressor runs without stopping | Excessive load to the evaporator | Check there are no excessive outside air infiltrations into the conditioned room | |
| Suction pressure too high | Suction pipes too cold | Expansion valve overloaded | Set the overheating level and check the bulb position | |
| | compressor | Expansion valve blocked in the open position | Repair or replace the valve | |
| | Noisy compressor | Broken compression coils in the compressor | Service the compressor | |

(T)

VTE

GENERAL HYDRAULIC DIAGRAM 15.0

General plant of a Quasar chiller or Pulsar heat pump paired to a boiler





** Tank for liquid 2 -

VTE * Thermostatic valve

MCI * Plant interface compact module

MHP * High pressure gauge (optional)

MLP * Low pressure gauge (optional)

** Cycle inversion valve VNR ** Non-return valve

* Pressure connection

* High pressure safety switch

* Low pressure safety switch

* Working temperature sensor

* Antifreeze temperature sensor

* Condensation control temperature sensor

* Pressure connection for pressure trasducer 3 -

W1- water back from the paint

W2- water to the plant

* Quasar e Pulsar

** Pulsar

HP

LP

B1

B2

B3

1 -

EV1



* Pulsar models



KRC Top Connection kit for remote control

RA Anti-freeze heater

RC Housing heater - QM1 Main switch - M3 Pump motor

TP Pressure trasducer

SI Summer/winter remote control

SR On/Off remote control

FL Flow switch (water flow safety)

EV1 Reverse cycle solenoid

C1 Compressor capacitor

(Optional on request)

- C2 Ventilator capacitor

- FU1 Auxiliary circuits fuse 230V - FU2 Auxiliary circuits fuse 24V

- KM1 Compressor contactor HP High pressure switch

M1 Compressor motor

M2 Ventilator motor

- LP Low pressure switch

B4 External air temperature sensor

- B3 Condensation control sensor

B2 Anti-freeze sensor

B1 Main sensor

- A1 Microprocessor controller

LEGEND

B4 External air temperature sensor

B3 Condensation control sensor

B2 Anti-freeze sensor

B1 Main sensor

A1 Microprocessor controller

LEGEND

- FU1 Auxiliary circuits fuse 230V - FU2 Auxiliary circuits fuse 24V

- KM1 Compressor contactor

M1 Compressor motor

- M2 Ventilator motor

RA Anti-freeze heater

TP Pressure trasducer

- RC Housing heater QM1 Main switch - M3 Pump motor

- HP High pressure switch

- LP Low pressure switch

EV1 Reverse cycle solenoid

C1 Compressor capacitor

(Optional on request)

- C2 Ventilator capacitor



* Pulsar models

ENGLISH

SI Summer/winter remote control

SR On/Off remote control

SPARE PARTS LIST

| MADIZ | DECONTRACT | CODE | Quasar Pulsar | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|-----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| MARK | DESCRIPTION | CODE | 021 | 026 | 031 | 041 | 021 | 026 | 031 | 041 |
| A1 | Microprocessor controller with display mach_1 | 735000980 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ***A1 | Microprocessor controller with display mach_1 with integrated clock (optional) | 735000990 | | | optional on all the units | | inits | | | |
| B1 | Work probe | 735000830 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| B2 | Anti-freeze probe | 735000830 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| B3 | Condensation probe | 735000830 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | 714000020 | 1 | | | | 1 | | | |
| C1 | Compressor condenser | 714000030 | | 1 | | | | 1 | | |
| | | 714000040 | | | 1 | | | | 1 | |
| C2 | Fan condenser | 730000200 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| | D | 418500010 | | | | | 1 | 1 | | |
| EV1 | Reverse cicle splenoid | 418500020 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| | Coil + cable 230V | 721300010 | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| FD | Dehydrator filter to be welded | 435100170 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| FL | Flow switch 3/4" | 282006000 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| НР | 28bar High pressure switch | 720100230 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| LP | Low pressure switch | 720100180 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| KA3 | Phase sequence control relay | 720100130 | | | | 1 | | | | 1 |
| KM1 | Compressor contactor 4kW-AC3 | 721000240 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 |
| | Compressor contactor 5,5 kW-AC3 | 721000210 | | | 1 | | | | 1 | |
| | | 728100210 | 1 | | | | 1 | | | |
| M1 | Scroll Compressor | 728100220 | | 1 | | | | 1 | | |
| 1411 | Seron compressor | 728100230 | | | 1 | | | | 1 | |
| | | 728100510 | | | | 1 | | | | 1 |
| M2 | Axial fan | 730000180 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| М2 | Circulating nump motor | 731000030 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | | |
| 1415 | Circulating pump motor | 731000080 | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 |
| MCI | Compatto modulo for plant interface | 670103340 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | | |
| MCI | Compatio module for plant interface | 670103350 | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 |
| | Mains Magnetothermal protection 2P 16A | 710001110 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | | |
| OM1 | Mains Magnetothermal protection 2P 20A | 710001130 | | | 1 | | | | 1 | |
| QMI | Mains Magnetothermal protection 3P 10A | 710001100 | | | | 1 | | | | 1 |
| | Overload cut-out | 710000700 | | | | | | | | |
| RC | Compressor oil sump heating element | 729000010 | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | 425100940 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| CAE | | 425101030 | | | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| SAE | External battery | 425100950 | | | | | 1 | 1 | | |
| | | 425101041 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| T1 | Auxiliary circuit transformer 230/12V 5VA | 451350270 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| VE | Expansion tank | 426000050 | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| VS | 3 bar safety valve | 428200010 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| VNR | Check valve | 418300150 | | | | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | | 435300320 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| VIE | I nermostat valve | 435300340 | | | | 1 | | | | 2 |